MARRYING A RUSSIAN IN St. Petersburg

FIVE STEPS TO A RUSSIAN MARRIAGE

April 2010

U.S. citizens who plan to marry Russian citizens should familiarize themselves with the following information. Please note that the guidelines do not apply to Americans who intend marry other Americans or third-country nationals in Russia. The guidelines are subject to change without notice.

SUMMARY

- The Russian government requires that foreigners who wish to marry in Russia have in their possession the originals of all pertinent civil documents (i.e. the last divorce certificate, passports, etc.)
- There is a one-month waiting period following application to marry.
- In St. Petersburg, further information concerning marriage procedures may be obtained by contacting one of the Palaces of Weddings:
 - 28 Angliyskaya emb, tel.: 314-9848 or 52 Furshtatskaya Str., tel.: 273-7396
- In the U.S., contact the Russian Embassy in Washington, D.C.: Russian Embassy, 2650 Wisconsin Ave, NW, Washington, D.C. 20007, tel.: (202) 298-5700, www.russianembassy.org

Step 1: REGISTER YOUR VISA

Foreigners are required by Russian law to register their visas. Registration is normally handled by the visa sponsor or the hotel in which the foreigner is staying.

Step 2: PREPARE A MARRIAGE LETTER AT THE U.S. EMBASSY IN MOSCOW

U.S. citizens who intend to marry in Russia must complete the attached standard affidavit form (svidetel'stvo) in which they state their current marital status. The attached form must be completed in Russian and sworn to/affirmed in person before a U.S. Consul at the U.S. Embassy in Moscow (Due to Russian government regulations this service is available only at the U.S. Embassy in Moscow and not at the U.S. Consulates General in St. Petersburg). The transliteration of your name should be identical to that on your Russian visa. The American Citizen Services Unit of the Embassy offers notarial services; the cost is \$30.00 or the equivalent in rubles.

You may schedule an appointment with the American Citizen Services Unit of the Embassy at http://moscow.usembassy.gov/acs-appointment.html Russian authorities consider the document valid for only three months after the U.S. Embassy officer notarizes it. The Embassy is located at 8 Bolshoy Deviatinsky per.

<u>Step 3:</u> AUTHENTICATE THE MARRIAGE LETTER AT THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS IN MOSCOW

Authentication of the marriage letter may only be done in Moscow. This service is performed by the Department of Legalization of the Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The procedure costs around

100 rubles for a five-day return. Fees are paid at the Sberkassa located at the Department of Legalization.

Department of Legalization, Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs Neopalimovskiy Pereulok, dom 12a (near Smolenskaya Metro). 10 a.m.-12:30 p.m., 3 p.m.-5 p.m. (4:30 p.m. on Fridays). Monday through Friday, telephone (495) 244-3797.

<u>Step 4:</u> OBTAIN AN OFFICIAL NOTARIZED TRANSLATION OF THE INFORMATION PAGE OF YOUR PASSPORT

The Consulate General cannot perform this service. However, the necessary notarized translation can be obtained at any translation center that has a Russian notary public present. A list of translation bureaus is available at the American Citizen Services unit upon request.

Step 5: GET MARRIED

Pay your marriage registration fee at any Sberkassa (Currently R200. The fee is subject to change.) Submit your paperwork and the receipt for marriage registration fee to one of the Palaces of Weddings located at 28 Angliyskaya Emb., tel.: 314-9848 or 52 Furshtatskaya Str., tel.: 273-7396 any day (open 10 am-19 pm, lunch: 2-3 pm). Please note that if you have been married before, you need to submit a certified copy of the last divorce decree (or other document proving that the previous marriage was legally terminated), with an apostille stamp. The document needs to be apostilled in the U.S. Additional information regarding obtaining an apostille stamp in the U.S. is provided upon request at the Consulate General. A notarized translation into Russian is also required.

Civil service weddings are scheduled no earlier than 32 days from the wedding registration. Palace of Weddings officials will give you a price list for various wedding ceremony options.

REMARKS:

Please note that a U.S. state record with an apostille stamp and notarized translation into Russian stating that you are free to marry may be submitted instead of a marriage letter (step 2 and 3). Samples of state records are available at Palaces of Weddings upon request.

In case a U.S. citizen fiancé(e) is in the U.S., he/she can mail to a fiancée in Russia all the required documents stated above (additionally an apostilled letter of intent to marry will be required). This will allow a Russian fiancé(e) to schedule the date of the wedding ceremony by himself/herself. While this will not eliminate the one-month waiting period, this option may be helpful to American citizens who do not plan to stay in Russia for a month, and this will help avoid having to make two trips to Russia. Samples of letters of intent to marry a Russian citizen are available at the Palaces of Weddings upon request.

CONGRATULATIONS!

Once you are married, you may contact the American Citizen Services Unit at the U.S. Consulate General in St. Petersburg for information about obtaining immigrant visas for your spouse and his/her dependents. American citizens residing for at least six months in St. Petersburg Consular district may submit an Immigrant Visa (IV) petition for spouses and any minor stepchildren at the Consulate General in St. Petersburg. All others need to file at the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services (BCIS) in the U.S. All IVs are processed and issued at the Embassy in Moscow and cannot be issued in St. Petersburg or in the U.S.

General information on visa-related matters is available on the US Embassy's web site: http://moscow.usembassy.gov or U.S. Consulate General website http://stpetersburg.usconsulate.gov Any further questions may be directed to StPetersburgACS@state.gov

• Please note that the US Consulate General in St. Petersburg can neither translate nor legalize U.S. documents for use in Russia. Certified copies of U.S. documents must also bear an Apostille stamp to be valid in Russia - these stamps are only available in the U.S. For more information please request a copy of our "Apostille" handout.

СВИДЕТЕЛЬСТВО

Настоящим подтверждаю, что в указанный выше день нижена:	званный/ая гражданин/ка явился/ась лично и
сделал/а заявление под присягой, текст которого прилагается.	Посольство США в Москве не располагает
информацией о наличии препятствий для заключения брака назван	нного/ой гражданина/ки.
Имя заявителя (Your full name)	
(
№ Американского паспорта (Your U.S. passport #)	
Russian Federation)) ss:
Embassy of the United States of America Consular Section	
	-
(OPAY)	
[SEAL]	Дата

СВИДЕТЕЛЬСТВО

	жеподписавшийся/аяся,	(Полное имя / Your full name)	
полиц	ынийеа/поливинадеа в		
ЮДИП	вшинел/родившалел в	(Дата и место рождения / Your date and place of	f birth)
TO ONTO	TOTAL COMMISSION IN INTERNAL AND	NAME TO OTTO DE MO	
ражд	данин Соединенных штатов Амеј	рики, паспорт №	
выдан	(Дата выдачи / Date of issuance)	(Mecro / Where it was issued)	, приехал/а в Россию в
ачес	тве	(Бизнесмен, Турист, т.д. / Businessman, Tourist,	. etc.)
			, ,
Мой а	адрес в США -	(Адрес / Your address in the U.S.)	
		(Apper Four address in the O.S.)	
Я сей	час проживаю в России по алресу	,	
		/(Адрес / Your address in Russia)	
-	_		
Я жел	аю вступить в брак с	(Полное Имя / Your fiancée's full name)	
родившимся/ейся		B	
ражд	данином/гражданкой России, проз	живающим/проживающей по адресу	
		(Адрес / Your fiancée's address)	
	Я не состою и никогда не сост	оял в браке.	
		(I am not and have never been married).	
	Я не состою в браке, а последний предшествующий брак был расторгнут		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(I am not married and was last divorced on)	·
		(Дата и место/ Date and place of your divorce)	·
		(Подпись / Your signature)	

Please DO NOT sign the affidavit until instructed to do so.